

South Dakota

FOSTER CARE

Children are placed in foster care when a child protective services worker and court have determined it is not safe for them to remain home. Many children are traumatized by displacement from their family and disruption of their usual routine and familiar surroundings. Children in foster care need strong relationships with caring adults, a network of social support, and services to cope with the challenging circumstances of home removal.

Number children in foster care¹

South Dakota: 1,683

United States: 407,493

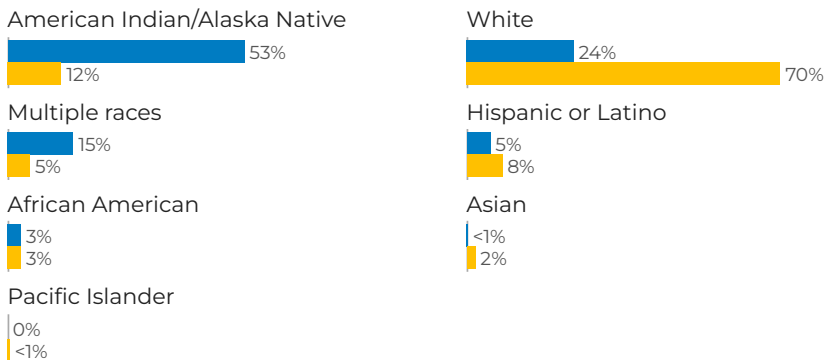
Foster care rate per 1,000²

40.5

United States: 5.6

Foster care caseload in South Dakota by race/ethnicity⁶

■ Foster care population ■ General child population



Number of children who entered foster care³

1,115

United States: 216,838

Average length of time in foster care⁴

18.2 months

United States: 21.0 months

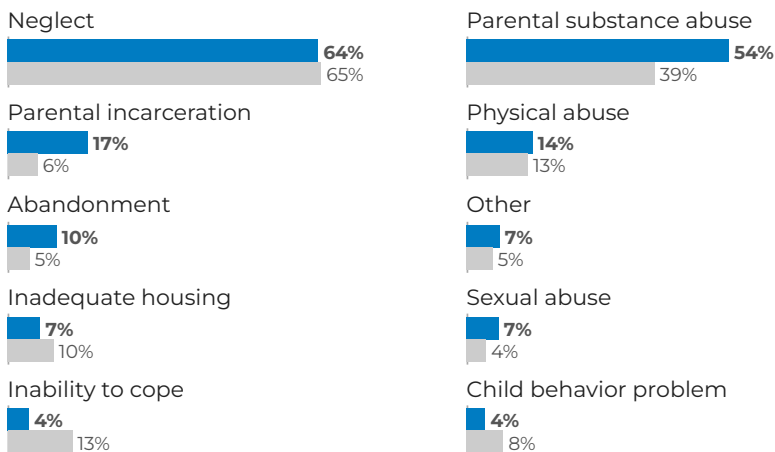
Percent of children in foster care 5 plus years

3%

United States: 6%

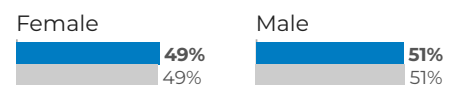
Foster care entry reasons⁷

■ South Dakota ■ United States



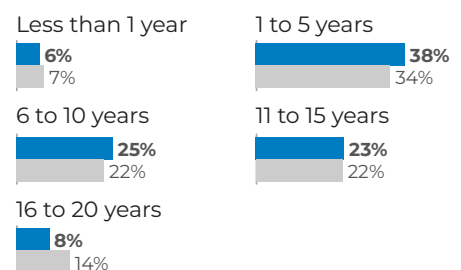
Gender of children in foster care

■ South Dakota ■ United States

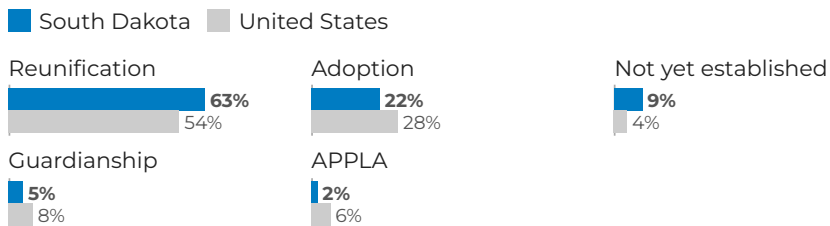


Age distribution of children in foster care⁵

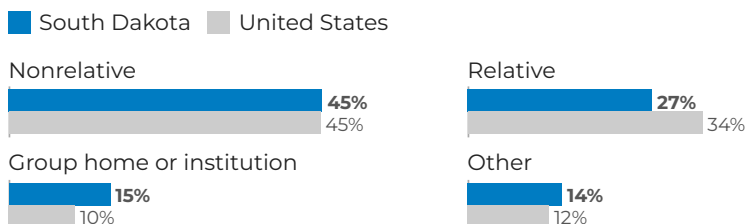
■ South Dakota ■ United States



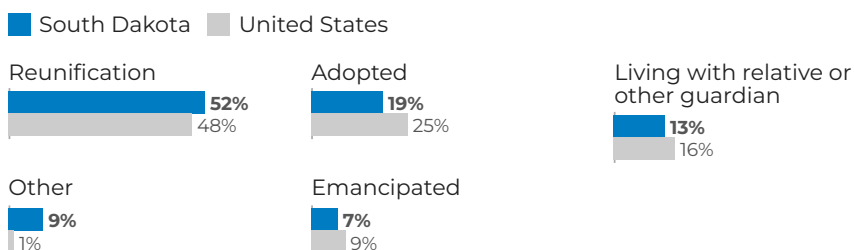
Case plan goal for children in foster care⁸



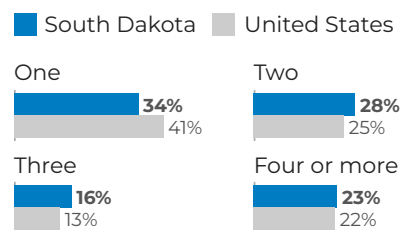
Foster care by placement type¹⁰



Outcomes of children exiting foster care¹¹



Number of different foster care placements⁹



Number Exited

South Dakota: 1,108

United States: 224,396

Number of children who were at risk of aging out of foster care¹²

72

United States: 35,287

Number of youth who aged out of care

77

United States: 20,010

Of children who aged out of foster care, percent who had been in care since before age 13

16%

United States: 15%

Source, unless specified otherwise: The data used in this publication, [Dataset #255, AFCARS Foster Care FY2020], were obtained from the National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect and have been used in accordance with its Terms of Use Agreement license. The data represent the federal fiscal year 2020 reporting period (October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020). Unless otherwise noted, for each calculation, children who were missing data on the relevant indicator were excluded from analyses. The Administration on Children, Youth and Families, the Children's Bureau, the original dataset collection personnel or funding source, NDACAN, Cornell University and their agents or employees bear no responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

Notes:

¹ Number of children of all ages currently in foster care on September 30, 2020.

² Foster care rate is calculated using general child population data from the U. S. Census Bureau from 2020, which are publicly available from the Kids Count Data Center.

³ Number of children whose date of most recent removal was during the 2020 federal fiscal year.

⁴ Length of stay in care is calculated based on the current removal episode.

⁵ Does not include children over age 20.

⁶ If a child is determined to be of Hispanic origin, they are only counted as Hispanic and are not included in any other racial/ethnic categories. Data for the general child population under age 18 in 2020 are from the U. S. Census Bureau and are publicly available from the Kids Count Data Center.

⁷ For children entering care in FY 2020. "Other" includes drug or alcohol abuse by the child, child's disability, relinquishment, and parental death.

⁸ APPLA stands for Another Planned Permanent Living Arrangement.

⁹ The number of places the child has lived, including the current setting (except for trial home visits), during the current removal episode.

¹⁰ Other placement types include pre-adoptive home, runaway, supervised independent living, and trial home visit.

¹¹ Emancipation means the child/youth legally reached majority (i.e., is considered an adult) due to age, marriage, etc.

¹² Includes children ages 9 and older with a case goal of long-term foster care or emancipation.